National curriculum tests

Key stage 2

English reading

Reading answer booklet

First name				
Middle name				
Last name				
Date of birth	Day	Month	Year	
School name				

SAMPLE BOOKLET

Published July 2015

This sample test indicates how the national curriculum will be assessed from 2016. Further information is available on GOV.UK at www.gov.uk/sta.





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Instructions

Questions and answers

You have one hour to complete this test, answering the questions in the answer booklet. Read one text and answer the questions about that text before moving on to read the next text. There are three texts and three sets of questions.

In this booklet, there are different types of question for you to answer in different ways. The space for your answer shows you what type of answer is needed. Write your answer in the space provided. Do not write over any barcodes.

Short answers

Some questions are followed by a short line or box. This shows that you need only write a word or a few words in your answer.

Several line answers

Some questions are followed by a few lines. This gives you space to write more words or a sentence or two.

Longer answers

some questions are followed by a large box. This shows that a longer, more detailed answer is needed to explain your opinion. You can write in full sentences if you want to.

Selected answers

For some questions you do not need to write anything at all and you should tick, draw lines to, or put a ring around your answer. Read the instructions carefully so that you know how to answer the question.

Marks

The number under each line at the side of the page tells you the maximum number of marks for each question.

You should work through the booklet until you are asked to stop, referring to your reading booklet when you need to. When a question includes a page reference, you should refer to the text on that page to help you with your answer.

You have one hour to read the texts in the reading booklet and answer the questions in this booklet.



Questions 1–15 are about Space Tourism (pages 4–6).

Mby in anger to usion impossible for most assault	
Why is space tourism <i>impossible</i> for most people?	
How would you get from the spacecraft to the space hotel?	
Look at page 4.	
According to the text, what could you do on your space holiday?	
Give two examples:	
1	
	_
2	_
How much did the first space tourist pay to go into apoca?	
How much did the first space tourist pay to go into space?	



How did And	ousheh's trip into spa	ace make history?	
Look at the t	ext box Who has al	ready had a holiday in space?	
Complete the	e table about Anous	heh's trip into space.	
Where did	she start her trip?		
Where did	she stay in space?		
How long of space?	did she stay in		
		or September 25th.	

9	Look at Anousheh's blog entry for September 27th.
	Evelois how Associated fall about baises in associated

Explain how Anousheh felt about being in space that day.

2 marks

Match the events below to the year in which they happened.

Anousheh Ansari went to space.

1969

The first man stepped on the Moon.

1998

Dennis Tito went to space.

2001

The International Space Station was built.

2006



		Fact	Opinion	
Anousheh /	Ansari kept an online diary.			
Brushing yo	our teeth in space is a joy.			
Being weig	htless is endlessly entertaining.			
Tourists car Space Stat	n stay on the International ion.			
				1
in a flash ((page 6)			
What does thi	is tell you about the burning of rocks	s in space?		
				1
				1
Find out when	a meteor shower is due and arrand	e to ao sta	r spottina	1
	n a meteor shower is due and arrang 	e to go sta	r spotting	1
with an adult		-		1
with an adult	_	-		1
with an adult		-		1
with an adult	 ce, the word <i>arrang</i> e is closest in me	-		1
with an adult	 ce, the word <i>arrang</i> e is closest in me	-		1
with an adult	 ce, the word <i>arrang</i> e is closest in me	-		

K	4

How does the information on page 6 make it sound easy to be a star spotter?

Give **two** ways.

1.			

2.			

2 marks

Tick **true** or **false** in the following table to show what you should do when spotting shooting stars.

	True	False
Take warm clothes, a blanket, a pillow and a torch.		
Stay close to town.		
Point your torch up to the sky.		
You must have binoculars.		



Questions 16-24 are about Giants (page 7).

(a) What does the 'giant' do to frighten the snail?

1 mark

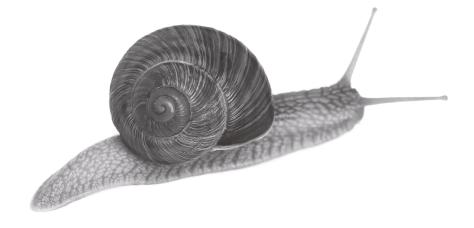
(b) What does the 'giant' do to frighten the frog?

1 mark

Gentle, and small, and frail

Which part of the snail do these words describe?

Circle the part of the snail in the picture below.



1 mark

18 Gentle, and small, and frail

How do these words make the reader feel about the snail?



1	
2.	
nto your pitifu	I shell, so brittle and thin
n this line, the	word <i>brittle</i> is closest in meaning to
Т	ick one .
shiny.	
soft.	
3011.	
delicate.	
rough.	
Explain two th	ings that the words emerald scrap suggest about the frog.



What is the tremendous monster?		
		1 mar
Just for the joy Of watching you jump, scramble, tumble, fall		
Find and copy two more words from the poem that show that was frightened.	the frog	
1		
2		 1 mar
What is the main message of the poem?	Tick one .	
People can learn a lot from holding small creatures.		
People should think about how their actions affect others.		
People are much bigger than frogs and snails.		
People should overcome their fear of nature.		
		1 mar



Questions 25–36 are about *The Lost World* (pages 8–9).

25	Circle the correct option to complete each sentence below.				
(a)	The story is told from the perspective of				
	Professor Summerlee.	Lord John.	Malone.	Professor Challenger.	 1 mark
(b)	At the start of the ex	tract the men ente	red the forest		
	carefully.	quickly.	fearfully.	noisily.	1 mark
(c)	There, they came to	a patch where the	stream was		
	smaller.	bigger.	faster.	slower.	1 mark
(d)	The ferns here were	spaced			
	regularly.	randomly.	carefully.	equally.	1 mark
26	How far into the fore	est did the stream b	pecome a considera	able bog?	
					1 mark



	graph beginning, <i>There were, as I say</i> Malone compares the s to different animals.
How do the look like?	se comparisons help the reader understand what the iguanodons





The iguanodons are described as inoffensive brutes...

Look at the paragraph beginning: I do not know how long... (page 8).

Explain how the descriptions of the iguanodons in this paragraph support the idea that they were both *inoffensive* and *brutes*.

Use evidence from the text to support your answer.

3 marks



rne word <i>uni</i>	vieldy in this paragraph is closest in meaning to	
	Tick one .	
fast.		
violent.		
clumsy.		
gentle.		_
Find and cop the team of e	by one word on page 9 that suggests Malone feels part of xplorers.	_
the team of e		1
the team of e	xplorers.	_

Look at the paragraph beginning: I do not know how long...

30

•		٦
ж	c	ч
•		u

Look at the paragraph beginning: I had the same feeling of mystery and danger around us.

Find and **copy four different** words from the rest of the paragraph that suggest danger.

|--|

4.

2 marks

34

Using information from the text, tick one box in each row to show whether each statement is **true** or **false**.

	True	False
Lord John saw the dinosaur tracks first.		
Professor Summerlee has faked the evidence.		
Professor Challenger worries that people won't believe them.		
They are all frightened of the iguanodons.		



35	The mood of the characters changes throughout the extract.	
(a)	Find and copy the group of words on page 9 where Lord John's mood changes.	
		1 mark
(b)	How does Lord John's mood change?	
		1 mark
36	Based on what you have read, what does the last paragraph suggest might happen to the explorers next?	
	Use evidence from this paragraph to support your prediction.	
		2 marks



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