

1MA1 Practice papers Set 4: Paper 1H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0					
Question		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
1.		$2^5 = 32 = 2^5$  $64^{\frac{1}{2}} = 8 = 2^3$ $4^3 = 64 = 2^6$  $8^{\frac{1}{3}} = 2$ $16 = 2^4$ $64^0 = 1 = 2^0$	$64^0$ $8^{\frac{1}{3}}$  $64^{\frac{1}{2}}$ 16  $2^5$ $4^3$	3	<p>M1 for writing numbers as whole numbers or as consistent powers with a least 3 correct.</p> <p>M1 for writing numbers as whole numbers or as consistent powers with a least 5 correct.</p> <p>A1 for correct order with no incorrect statements.</p>
2.			7	4	<p>M1 for <math>1 - 0.4 - 0.3 - 0.16</math> or <math>100 - 40 - 30 - 16</math></p> <p>A1 for 0.14 oe</p> <p>M1 for "<math>0.14</math>" <math>\times 50</math> oe</p> <p>A1 for 7 or ft "<math>0.14</math>" <math>\times 50</math></p>
3.		<p>Acton after 24, 48, 72, 96, 120</p> <p>Barton after 20, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120</p> <p>LCM of 20 and 24 is 120</p> <p>9:00 a.m. + 120 minutes</p>	11:00 a.m.	3	<p>M1 for listing multiples of 20 and 24 with at least 3 numbers in each list ; multiples could be given in minutes or in hours and minutes (condone one addition error in total in first 3 numbers in lists)</p> <p>A1 identify 120 (mins) <b>or</b> 2 (hours) as LCM</p> <p>A1 for 11:00 (a.m.) <b>or</b> 11 (a.m.) <b>or</b> 11 o'clock</p>

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4.		$(2x - 3 + 2x + 3) \div 2 \times 4$ $= 18$	19 cm	6	M1 for $(2x - 3 + 2x + 3) \div 2 \times 4$ oe
		$8x = 18$  $x = 2.25$  $P = 2x - 3 + 2x + 3 + 5 + 5$ $P = 4x + 10$ $P = 9 + 10$			M1 for equating “ $(2x - 3 + 2x + 3) \div 2 \times 4$ ” = 18  A1 cao $x = 2.25$ oe (eg. $\frac{18}{8}$ )  M1 (indep) $2x - 3 + 2x + 3 + 5 + 5 (= 4x + 10)$ oe  M1 (dep) for substituting “x” into an expression for the perimeter  A1 cao
5.			£500	3	M1 for $70\% = 350$ or $\frac{350}{70}$  M1 for $\frac{350}{70} \times 100$ oe  A1 cao
6.		$\frac{7 \times 200}{0.05} = \frac{1400}{0.05}$	28000	3	B1 for any two of 7, 200 or 0.05  M1 for correct processing of at least two of 7, 200 or 190 and 0.05 or 0.1  A1 in the range 26600 – 28000

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7.		$(7 \times 2 + 2 \times 5) \times 200 = 4800$  $4800 \times 8$	38 400 g	5	M1 for $7 \times 2$ or $2 \times 5$ or $7 \times 7$ or $5 \times 5$ or $2 \times 2$  M1 for “ $7 \times 2$ ” + “ $2 \times 5$ ” oe or “ $7 \times 7$ ” – “ $5 \times 5$ ”  M1 (dep on 1 <sup>st</sup> M) for ‘24’ $\times$ 200 or ‘0.0024’ $\times$ 2  M1 for ‘4800’ $\times$ 8 or ‘0.0048’ $\times$ 8 000 000 or ‘0.0048’ $\times$ 8000  A1 for 38 400g or 38.4kg
8.			$y = \frac{1}{2}x - 5$	3	M1 for method to find gradient of $L_1$ e.g $\frac{6-3}{6-0} \left( = \frac{1}{2} \right)$  M1 for $y = “\frac{1}{2}”x + c$ or $y = mx - 5$ ( $c, m$ do not have to be numerical, or correct numerical values) or for $(L =) \frac{1}{2}x - 5$  A1 $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 5$ oe
9.	(a)	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11	$\frac{8}{11}$	2	M1 for indicating $A \cup B$ (could be by listing or shading etc)  A1 for $\frac{8}{11}$
	(b)	1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 11	$\frac{7}{11}$	2	M1 for indicating $B^c$ (could be by listing or shading etc)  A1 for $\frac{7}{11}$

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10.	(a)		reflection in $x = 5$	2	B1 for reflection  B1 for $x = 5$
	(b)		rectangle with vertices (1, 3), (1, 6), (7, 6), (7, 3)	2	M1 for enlargement sf 3  A1 for fully correct answer
	(c)		90° clockwise, centre (0, 0)	3	B2 90° clockwise or 270° anticlockwise  (B1 90° or 270° stated without direction or with incorrect direction or correct translation of S shown)  B1 centre (0,0)
11.			(4,3), (4,4), (4,5), (5,4) marked	3	M2 for identifying the correct region or at least 3 correct points with no more than 3 incorrect points  (M1 for drawing $x = 3$ (solid or dashed line) or at least 1 correct point with no more than 3 incorrect points)  A1 cao

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12.			62	4	<p>M1 for B to C time = <math>210 \div 70</math> (= 3 h)</p> <p>M1 for A to B dist = <math>(5 - "3") \times 50</math> (= 100)</p> <p>M1 (dep on M1) for average speed = total distance <math>\div</math> total time or <math>210 + "(2 \times 50)" \div 5</math></p> <p>A1 cao</p>
13.			$128^\circ$	4	<p>M1 for <math>180 - 116</math> (= 64), when clearly attempting to find angle <i>ADC</i></p> <p>M1 (indep) for their angle <i>ADC</i> <math>\times 2</math></p> <p>C2 (dep on M2) for <math>x = 128^\circ</math> and fully correct reasons supported by method: eg. "<u>opposite angles</u> of a <u>cyclic quadrilateral</u> add up to <u><math>180^\circ</math></u>" and "<u>the angle</u> at the <u>centre</u> of a circle is <u>twice the angle</u> at the <u>circumference</u>"</p> <p>[C1 (dep on the relevant M1) for one correct reason]</p>

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14.	(a)	$4^2 + 3 \times 4 - 2$	26	2	M1 for substituting 4 into the expression, e.g. $4^2 + 3 \times 4 - 2$  A1 cao
	(b)	$  \begin{array}{cccccc}  1 & 7 & 17 & 31 & 49 \\  & 6 & 10 & 14 & 18 \\  & & 4 & 4 & 4 \\  & & & & 2n^2 + c  \end{array}  $	$2n^2 - 1$	3	M1 for correct method to find second differences  M1(dep) for $2n^2 + bn + c$  A1 for $2n^2 - 1$
15.		$  \begin{array}{ccc}  50 & 1 & 1 \\  1 & 50 & 1 \\  1 & 1 & 50  \end{array}  $	$\frac{126}{720}$	4	M1 for 3 fractions $\frac{a}{10}, \frac{b}{9}, \frac{c}{8}$ where $a < 10, b < 9$ and $c < 8$  M1 for $\frac{7}{10} \times \frac{3}{9} \times \frac{2}{8}$ or $\frac{3}{10} \times \frac{7}{9} \times \frac{2}{8}$ or $\frac{3}{10} \times \frac{2}{9} \times \frac{7}{8}$ (= $\frac{42}{720}$ )  M1 for $\frac{7}{10} \times \frac{3}{9} \times \frac{2}{8} + \frac{3}{10} \times \frac{7}{9} \times \frac{2}{8} + \frac{3}{10} \times \frac{2}{9} \times \frac{7}{8}$  or $3 \times \frac{3}{10} \times \frac{2}{9} \times \frac{7}{8}$  A1 for $\frac{126}{720}$ (oe, e.g. $\frac{7}{40}$ )

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16.	$M = kL^3$  $k = \frac{M}{L^3} = \frac{160}{8} = 20$  When $L = 3$ , $M = 20 \times 3^3$	540	4	M1 for $M \propto L^3$ or $M = kL^3$  A1 $k = 20$  M1 for $'20' \times 3^3$  A1 for 540 (cao)
17.		$x = 4, x = 0$	4	M1 for $x^2 - 2x + 1 - 2x + 2 - 3 = 0$ ; condone one sign error in the complete expansion  M1 for $x^2 - 4x = 0$  M1 (dep on M1) for a correct method to solve their quadratic equation, e.g. $x(x - 4) = 0$  A1 cao for $x = 4$ and $x = 0$

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18.	(a)		$\mathbf{b - a}$	1	B1
	(b)		$\overrightarrow{BM} = \frac{1}{2} \overrightarrow{OC}$ hence parallel	4	B1 $\overrightarrow{OC} = \mathbf{a + b}$ M1 $\overrightarrow{BM} = \overrightarrow{BC} + \overrightarrow{CM}$ oe or $\overrightarrow{BM} = \mathbf{a + \frac{1}{2} ("b - a")}$  A1 $\frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{a + b})$  C1 $\overrightarrow{BM} = \frac{1}{2} \overrightarrow{OC}$ hence parallel
19.		$x^2 + (x + 1)^2$ $= x^2 + x^2 + 2x + 1$ $= 2x^2 + 2x + 1$ $= \text{even} + \text{even} + \text{odd}$ $= \text{odd}$	proof	3	M1 for $x^2 + (x + 1)^2$ or $(x - 1)^2 + x^2$ oe  M1 for correctly expanding $(x + 1)^2$ or $(x - 1)^2$  C1 for simplifying correctly and for final explanation and states $x$ is an integer, e.g. $2(x^2 + x)$ is even and 1 is odd <b>and</b> even + odd is odd



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20.	$\frac{8 - \sqrt{18}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{8}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{18}}{\sqrt{2}}$ $= \frac{8}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} - \sqrt{\frac{18}{2}}$ $\frac{8\sqrt{2}}{2} - 3$	$a = -3$ $b = 4$	3	<p>M1 for attempt to rationalise denominator,  e.g. <math>\frac{8}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{18}}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}</math> or <math>\frac{8 - \sqrt{18}}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}</math></p> <p>Or <math>8 - \sqrt{18} = \sqrt{2}(a + b\sqrt{2})</math> (oe)</p> <p>A2 for <math>-3 + 4\sqrt{2}</math></p> <p>(A1 for <math>-3</math>, A1 for <math>4</math>)</p>

National performance data from Results Plus

	Original source of questions						Mean score of students achieving grade:						
Qn	Spec	Paper	Session YYMM	Qn	Topic	Max score	ALL	A*	A	B	C	D	E
1	5MM1	1H	1506	Q17	Index laws	3	2.01	2.92	2.71	2.15	1.26	0.56	0.27
2	5MM1	1H	1411	Q07	Probability	4	2.85	3.61	3.55	3.18	2.59	1.92	0.80
3	1MA0	1H	1206	Q07	HCF and LCM	3	2.00	2.77	2.43	2.20	1.87	1.20	0.58
4	5MM1	1H	1106	Q14	Solve linear equations	6	2.02	5.71	4.15	2.19	0.50	0.30	0.14
5	1MA0	1H	1306	Q16	Percentages	3	1.02	2.79	2.07	1.28	0.60	0.20	0.10
6	1380	1H	906	Q14	Estimation	3	1.61	2.54	2.00	1.59	1.25	0.77	0.33
7	1380	1H	1106	Q10	Compound measures	5	2.20	4.13	3.30	2.31	1.22	0.51	0.29
8	1MA0	1H	1406	Q19	Gradients	3	0.62	2.65	1.76	0.56	0.08	0.01	0.00
9	5MM1	1H	1206	Q17	Venn diagrams	4	1.26	2.68	1.84	0.92	0.53	0.25	0.07
10	5MM1	1F	1311	Q26	Transformations	7	1.69	6.00	5.00	4.00	3.43	2.25	1.36
11	1MA0	1H	1211	Q17	Solve inequalities	3	0.28	2.37	1.24	0.31	0.06	0.02	0.02
12	2MB01	2H	1406	Q13	Average speed	4	1.96	3.60	2.89	2.29	1.57	0.65	0.27
13	2MB01	3H	1311	Q18	Circle theorems	4	1.66	3.44	2.80	1.72	0.71	0.23	0.06
14	5MM1	1H	1311	Q14	Number sequences	5	2.27	4.76	3.70	2.72	1.33	0.37	0.12
15	1MA0	1H	1306	Q26	Selection with and without replacement	4	0.63	3.04	1.78	0.61	0.11	0.01	0.00
16	1380	1H	906	Q21	Direct and inverse proportion	4	1.81	3.88	3.27	1.62	0.51	0.10	0.03
17	5MM1	1H	1411	Q20	Solve quadratic equations	4	0.92	3.72	1.80	0.70	0.11	0.00	0.00
18	5MM1	1H	1306	Q24	Vectors	5	1.24	3.63	1.94	0.96	0.32	0.06	0.00
19	5MM1	1H	1206	Q24	Algebraic proof	3	0.53	2.09	0.96	0.20	0.03	0.00	0.00
20	1380	1H	1106	Q22b	Surds	3	0.27	1.30	0.38	0.12	0.06	0.04	0.03
						80							