		1MA1 Pra	ctice papers Set 2: Pap	oer 2H (Reg	gular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Que	estion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
1.				3	M1 1500 ÷ (100 × 100) (= 0.15) M1 28 × "0.15"
			4.2		A1
2.	(i)		24	4	M1 for listing at least three multiples for any two of 25, 12, 8
			50		M1 for listing at least three multiples for all of 25, 12, 8
			75		A1 for 24, 50, 75 cao
					OR
					M1 for prime factorisation for any two of 25, 12, 8, eg in a factor tree
					M1 for prime factorisation for all of 25, 12, 8 or $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5$
					A1 cao
					(SC B2 for 24k, 50k, 75k)
	(ii)		600		B1 for 600 (or ft 600 <i>k</i>)

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Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
3.	$8.4^2 + 8.4^2$ $\sqrt{70.56 + 70.56} = \sqrt{141.12}$	11.9 cm	3	M1 $8.4^2 + 8.4^2$ (or equivalent) M1 $\sqrt{70.56 + 70.56}$ or $\sqrt{141.12}$ A1 $11.85 - 11.9$
4.	$\frac{3}{4} \times 120 = 90,$ $\frac{1}{4} \times 120 = 30$ $\frac{2}{3} \times 90 = 60,$ $\frac{20}{100} \times 30 = 6$ $60:6$	10:1	5	M1 for $\frac{3}{4} \times 120$ (or equivalent) or 90 or $\frac{1}{4} \times 120$ (or equivalent) or 30 M2 (indep) for $(1 - \frac{1}{3}) \times '90'$ (or equivalent) (or 60) AND $\frac{100 - 80}{100 \times 30}$ (or equivalent) (or 6) (M1 (indep) for $(1 - \frac{1}{3}) \times '90'$ (or equivalent) or 60 OR $\frac{100 - 80}{100 \times 30}$ (or equivalent) or 6 OR both $\frac{1}{3} \times 90$ (= 30) and $\frac{80}{100} \times 30$ (= 24) M1 (dep on at least M2) for '60': '6' or 1 to 10 or 6 to 60 (or equivalent) or reversed ratio 6:60 A1 10:1 cao

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Ques	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
5.		$\pi(6)^{2} - \pi(5)^{2}$ $= 113(.09) - 78.5(39)$ $= 34.55751919$	34.6	3	M1 for $\pi(6)^2$ (or equivalent) or $\pi(5)^2$ (or equivalent) or 113 or 78.5 M1 for $\pi(6)^2 - \pi(5)^2$ (or equivalent) A1 for 34.5 - 34.6
6.		$a = \cot(p)$ of an apple $p = \cot(p)$ of a pear 3a + 4p = 184 5a + 2p = 176 $7a = 2 \times 176 - 184 = 168$	24, 28	4	B1 $3a + 4p = 184$ and $5a + 2p = 176$ (or equivalent) M1 correct process to eliminate a or p M1(dep on M1) substitute found value of a or p to find other variable A1 cao
7.		$\tan x = 14 \div 7.5 = 1.8666$ $\tan^{-1} 1.8666$	62	3	M1 for $\tan x = 14 \div 7.5$ (= 1.86666) M1 for $\tan^{-1} (14 \div 7.5)$ A1 for answer in the range 61.7 to 62

1MA1 Practice papers Set 2: Paper 2H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0								
Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes			
Que 8.	stion							

	1MA1 Pra	ctice papers Set 2: Pap	oer 2H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0				
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes			
9.		x = 130 + correct reasons	4	M1 for angle $BFG = 65$ may be seen on diagram M1 (dep) for correct method to calculate x , eg ($x=$) $65 + 65$ (=130) or ($x=$) $180 - (180 - 2 \times 65)$ (=130) C2 for $x=$ 130 and full appropriate reasons related to method shown (C1 (dep on M1) for any one appropriate reason related to method shown) eg alternate angles; base angles in an isosceles triangle are equal; angles in a triangle add up to 180° ; angles on a straight line add up to 180° ; exterior angle of triangle = sum of two interior opposite angles; co-interior angles add up to 180° (allied angles) NB Any reasons stated must be used			
10.	$5 \times (360 \div 12) (= 150)$ $(AB^{2} =) 10^{2} + 7^{2} - 2 \times 10 \times 7 \times \cos ("150")$ $(AB^{2} =) 149 - 140 \cos ("150")$ $(AB^{2} =) 270.24$	16.4	4	M1 Angle AOB. M1 Accept the use of the cosine rule with any angle but sides (10 and 7) must be in correct places. A1 (awrt) 270 A1 (awrt) 16.4			

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Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
Que 11.	stion			` `	M1 for 5 or 6 or 7 points plotted correctly at the ends of the intervals A1 cao for correct graph with points joined by curve or straight line segments M1 for 0.1 × 200 (=20) or 0.9 × 200 (= 180) or sight of 180 used on cf axis or 200 – 186 (=14) A1 ft for correct decision with 20 and "9" or 20 and 14 or "age" from reading graph at 180 OR M1 for method to find percentage of workers who are over 65,
					e.g. $\frac{200^{-1}91^{n}}{200} \times 100 \ (= 4.5\%)$ or method to find percentage of workers who are over 60 (from table), e.g. $\frac{200^{-1}86}{200} \times 100 \ (= 7\%)$ or $\frac{200^{-1}90}{200} \times 100 \ (= 5\%)$ A1 ft for correct decision with "4.5"% or 7% or 5%

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Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
12.		e.g. $70\% = 17920$ $1\% = \frac{17920}{70} (=256)$	25600	3	M1 100% – 30%, or 70% or 1 – 0.3 or 0.7 M1 for $\frac{17920}{70} \times 100$ or $\frac{17920}{0.7}$
		$100\% = \frac{17920}{70} \times 100$			A1 cao
13.			$\frac{17}{40}$	3	M1 $\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{3}{8}$ or $\frac{1}{5} \times \frac{5}{8}$ or $\frac{12}{40}$ or $\frac{5}{40}$
					M1 $\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{5}{8}$
					A1 $\frac{17}{40}$ (or equivalent)

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Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
14.	(a)	$\frac{1}{2}(3x+1+5x+3)(2x+3) = \frac{1}{2}(8x+4)(2x+3)$ So, $(4x+2)(2x+3)-46=0$ $8x^2+16x+6-46=0$ $8x^2+16x-40=0$ $x^2+2x-5=0$ $x = \frac{-2\pm\sqrt{2^2-4(1)(-5)}}{2\times 1}$ $= \frac{-2\pm\sqrt{24}}{2}$ OR $(x+1)^2-1^2-5$ $= (x+1)^2-6$ $x+1=\pm\sqrt{6}$	Proof 1.45, -3.45	3	M1 for correct method to find area of trapezium M1 (dep) for expanding all brackets to get a correct expression for the area C1 for complete correct proof M1 for $\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 - 4(1)(-5)}}{2 \times 1}$ condone one sign error in substitution M1 for $\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{24}}{2}$ A1 for 1.44 to 1.45 (and -3.44 to -3.45) OR M1 for $(x + 1)^2 - 1^2 - 5$ (or equivalent) M1 for $x + 1 = (\pm)\sqrt{6}$ A1 for 1.44 to 1.45 (and -3.44 to -3.45)

		1MA1 Pra	actice papers Set 2: Pap	er 2H (Reg	gular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
15.	(a)	J	y = f(x - 5)	1 2	B1 cao B2 cao
	(b)		(4, 3)		(B1 for one coord. correct (in correct position) or (3,4).)
16.		$x = 0.0151515$ $1000x = 15.151515$ $10x = 0.151515$ $990x = 15$ $x = \frac{15}{990} = \frac{1}{66}$ OR $100x = 1.51515$ $x = 0.0151599x = 1.5$ $x = \frac{1.5}{99}$ $= \frac{15}{990} = \frac{1}{66}$	Proof	3	M1 for $(x =) 0.0151515()$ or $1000x = 5.151515()$ or $00x = 1.51515()$ M1 for two recurring decimals the difference of which is a rational number C1 (dep on M2 scored) for completing the proof by subtracting and cancelling to give a correct fraction

		1MA1 Pr	actice papers Set 2: Pap	er 2H (Reg	gular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Ques	tion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
17.		$P = \frac{k}{x^2}$	2.34	3	M1 for $P = \frac{k}{x^2}$ or $P \propto \frac{1}{x^2}$
		$6 = \frac{k}{5^2} (k = 150)$			M1 for $6 = \frac{k}{5^2}$ or $(k =) 150$ seen or $6 \times 5^2 = P \times 8^2$
		$P = \frac{150}{8^2}$			A1 2.34
18.			11	3	M1 for tangent drawn at $t = 2$
					M1 (dep) for $\frac{diff}{diff} \frac{y}{x}$ ft from tangent
					A1 for answer in range 9 – 14
19.			Yes, average speed could have	5	B1 for 4535 or 4534.999 or 202.5
			been as high as 80.622		M1 for 4535 ((or equivalent)) ÷ 202.5
					M1 for ×3600 and ÷1000
					A1 for 80.622
					C1 (dep on first M1) for correct conclusion from their calculations

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Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes				
20.	20.			3	M1 for correct deduction from differences, e.g. 2nd difference of 4 implies $2n^2$ M1 for use of first differences				
		$2n^2 + 5n$			A1				
21.				5	M1 method to find $g^{-1}(x)$ A1 $g^{-1}(x) = \frac{3x}{4+x}$ M1 $3x = (2x+5)(4+x)$				
			√10		M1 correct expansion of brackets A1				

Practice Papers Set 2 2H: National performance data from Results Plus

	Source of questions		ions						Meai	n score (of stude	nts achi	Mean score of students achieving grade:				
Qu			Session			Max	Mean										
No	Spec	Paper	YYMM	Qu	Topic	score	% all	ALL	A *	Α	В	С	D	Е			
1				NEW	Compound measures	3				Ţ							
2	5AM1	1H	1506	Q13	Factors, multiples, primes	4	63	2.51	3.68	3.26	2.58	1.71	0.81	0.36			
3	5MM2	2F	1206	Q27	Pythagoras in 2D	3	11	0.34				1.21	0.34	0.08			
4	5MM2	2H	1111	Q06	Ratio	5	60	3.02	4.53	3.91	3.32	2.15	1.26	1.33			
5	1380	2H	1106	Q05	Area of a circle	3	59	1.78	2.97	2.77	2.03	0.92	0.24	0.07			
6	5AM1	1H	1406	Q11	Simultaneous equations	4	71	2.83	3.93	3.83	3.26	1.94	0.67	0.13			
7	5MM2	2H	1306	Q15	Trigonometry	3	56	1.68	2.94	2.65	1.80	0.81	0.16	0.00			
8	5AM1	1H	1506	Q14	Solve linear equations	6	54	3.23	5.74	4.93	3.24	1.20	0.37	0.21			
9	1MA0	1H	1411	Q08	Angles	4	24	0.95	3.31	2.82	2.05	1.02	0.42	0.13			
10	4MA0	2H	1401	Q17	Sine and cosine rule	4	49	1.96	3.63	2.48	0.96	0.22	0.01	0.00			
11	1MA0	1H	1411	Q16	Cumulative frequency diagrams	4	47	1.88	3.76	3.40	2.88	2.07	1.39	0.89			
12	5MM2	2H	1111	Q11	Reverse percentages	3	48	1.43	2.86	2.57	1.47	0.77	0.08	0.00			
13	5AM2	2H	1311	Q21	Selection with or without replacement	3	44	1.32	2.74	2.06	1.47	0.59	0.22	0.00			
14	5MM2	2H	1406	Q26	Solve quadratic equations	6	42	2.54	5.73	4.65	2.27	0.63	0.12	0.03			
15	1380	2H	1006	Q27	Transformation of functions	3	29	0.88	2.22	1.28	0.68	0.46	0.29	0.20			
16	5MM2	2H	1306	Q20	Recurring decimals	3	25	0.75	2.16	1.19	0.53	0.18	0.05	0.02			
17	5MM2	2H	1111	Q23	Direct and indirect proportion	3	20	0.60	2.72	1.37	0.25	0.07	0.00	0.00			
18	5AM2	2H	1111	Q23	Gradients as rate of change	3	14	0.43	3.00	1.14	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00			
19	1MA0	2H	1411	Q23	Compound measures	5	4	0.19	3.30	1.57	0.38	0.03	0.00	0.00			
20				NEW	Quadratic sequences	3											
21				NEW	Functions	5											
						80											