Write your name here	
Surname	Other names
Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9 - 1)	ntre Number Candidate Number
<b>Mathemati</b>	CS
Paner 3 (Calculator)	
Paper 3 (Calculator)	Foundation Tier
Paper 3 (Calculator)  Specimen Papers Set 1 Time: 1 hour 30 minutes	Foundation Tier Paper Reference 1MA1/3F

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
  - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.
- If your calculator does not have a  $\pi$  button, take the value of  $\pi$  to be 3.142 unless the question instructs otherwise.
- Diagrams are NOT accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must show all your working out.

#### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

### **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.



# Answer ALL questions.

### Write your answers in the spaces provided.

## You must write down all the stages in your working.

				(T	otal for Questic	on 1 is 1 mark)
Work out $\frac{30+}{5+}$	12 3					
				(T	otal for Questic	on 2 is 1 mark)
Work out the recipro	ocal of 0.12	5.				
				 (T	otal for Questi	on 3 is 1 mark)
——————————————————————————————————————	lbers.			 (T	otal for Questic	on 3 is 1 mark)
Here is a list of num	ıbers.	2	5	(T	otal for Question	on 3 is 1 mark)
	1	2	5			on 3 is 1 mark)
Here is a list of num From the list, write of 4	1	2	5			on 3 is 1 mark)
From the list, write o	1 down	2	5			on 3 is 1 mark)

5 There are 1.5 litres of water in a bottle.

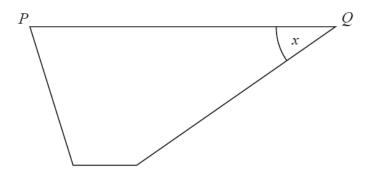
There are 250 millilitres of water in another bottle.

Work out the total amount of water in the two bottles.

(Total for Question 5 is 3 marks)

6 Here is a trapezium.

This diagram is accurately drawn.



(a) Measure the length of the line PQ.

				•	•				•			•																			٠.	C	)]	ľ	ľ
																																(	1	1	1

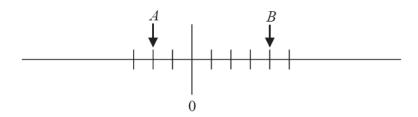
(b) Measure the size of the angle marked x.

 	0
	(1)

(Total for Question 6 is 2 marks)

		(Total for Question 8 is 1 mark)
With	out doing the exact calculation, expl	ain why Jayne's answer cannot be correct.
	3.4	$\times$ 5.3 = 180.2
Jayne	e writes down the following	
		(Total for Question 7 is 3 marks)
		(1)
(c)	Simplify $d^2 \times d^3$	(-)
		$m = \dots $ (1)
(b)	Solve $18 - m = 6$	
		f=(1)
(a)	Solve $f + 2f + f = 20$	

**9** The two numbers, *A* and *B*, are shown on a scale.



The difference between *A* and *B* is 48.

Work out the value of A and the value of B.

4				
A	=	 	 	

(Total for Question 9 is 3 marks)

10 Complete this table of values.

n	3n + 2
12	
	47

(Total for Question 10 is 3 marks)

11	The s	same number is missing fro	om each box.				
			×	×		= 343	
	(a)	Find the missing numbe	r.				
	(b)	Work out 4 <sup>4</sup> .					(1)
					•••••		(1)
					(Tota	l for Question 1	1 is 2 marks)
12	Here	are two numbers.	29	37			
	Nadia	a says both of these number	ers can be writte	en as the s	um of	two square numb	ers.
		dia correct? must show how you get yo	ur answer.				
					(Tota	l for Question 1	2 is 3 marks)

Here are the first three terms of a sequence.

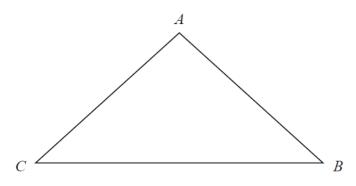
32 26

20

Find the first two terms in the sequence that are less than zero.

(Total for Question 13 is 3 marks)

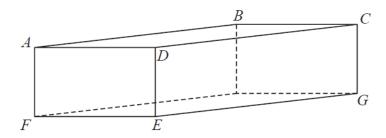
14 Here is a triangle *ABC*.



**(1)** 

(a) Mark, with the letter y, the angle CBA.

Here is a cuboid.



Some of the vertices are labelled.

(b) Shade in the face *CDEG*.

(1)

(c) How many edges has a cuboid?

(1)

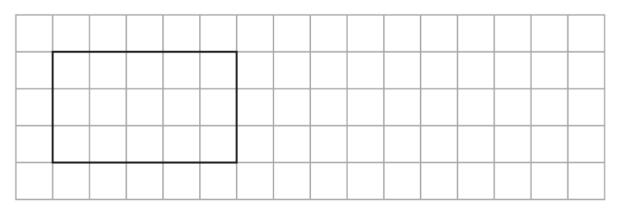
(Total for Question 14 is 3 marks)

	(Total for Question 15 is 3 marks)
	g
work out the weight of hole in one shee of oread.	
Work out the weight of fibre in one slice of bread.	
Each slice of bread has the same weight.	
A loaf of bread has a weight of 400 g. There are 10 slices of bread in a loaf.	
There are 5 grams of fibre in every 100 grams of breach	••

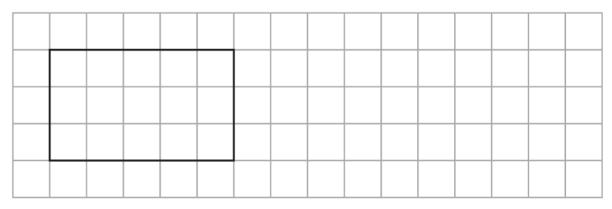
15

16 Give an example to show that when a piece is cut off a rectangle the perimeter of the new shape

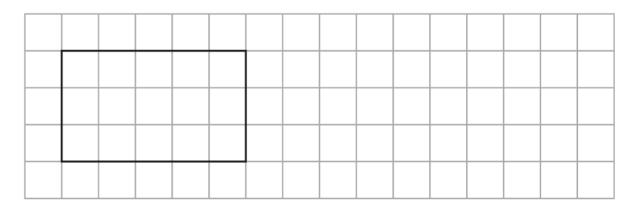
(i) is less than the perimeter of the rectangle,



(ii) is the same as the perimeter of the rectangle,



(iii) is greater than the perimeter of the rectangle.



(Total for Question 16 is 3 marks)

ABC is an isosceles triangle. When angle $A = 70^{\circ}$ , there are 3	B possible sizes of angle B.	
(a) What are they?		
	······°, ······°,	
When angle $A = 120^{\circ}$ , there is o	only one possible size of angle <i>B</i> .	(3)
(b) Explain why.		
		(1)
	(Total for Question	17 is 4 marks)

**17** 

(Total for Question 18 is 3 marks
(1
(b) What fraction of the weight of this cereal is bran?
The ratio of the weight of fruit to the weight of bran is 1:3
A different breakfast cereal is made using only fruit and bran.
Give your answer in the form $1:n$ .
(a) Write down the ratio of the weight of fruit to the weight of oats.
The rest of the cereal is oats.

18

Boxes of chocolates cost £3.69 each. A shop has an offer.	
Boxes of chocolates	
3 for the price of 2	
Ali has £50 He is going to get as many boxes of chocolates as possib	le.
How many boxes of chocolates can Ali get?	
	(Total for Question 19 is 3 marks)

19

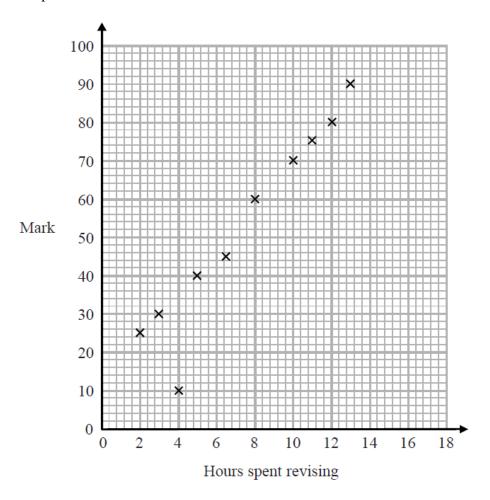
**20** 
$$\mathscr{E} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$$
  
 $A = \{\text{multiples of 2}\}$   
 $A \cap B = \{2, 6\}$   
 $A \cup B = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10\}$ 

Draw a Venn diagram for this information.

(Total for Question 20 is 4 marks)

21 The scatter diagram shows information about 10 students.

For each student, it shows the number of hours spent revising and the mark the student achieved in a Spanish test.



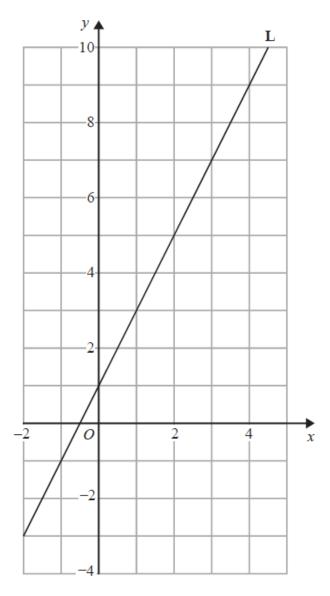
One of the points is an outlier.

(1)

For all the <b>other</b> points
(b) (i) draw the line of best fit,
(ii) describe the correlation.
(2)
A different student revised for 9 hours.
(c) Estimate the mark this student got
(1)
The Spanish test was marked out of 100.
Lucia says,
"I can see from the graph that had I revised for 18 hours I would have got full marks."
(d) Comment on what Lucia says.
(1) (Total for Question 21 is 5 marks)
(10th 101 Question 21 is 6 inhi its)
The length, $L$ cm, of a line is measured as 13 cm correct to the nearest centimetre.
Complete the following statement to show the range of possible values of $L$ .
≤ L <
(Total for Question 22 is 2 marks)

22

## 23 Line L is drawn on the grid below.



Find an equation for the straight line L. Give your answer in the form y = mx + c.

(Total for Question 23 is 3 marks)

24 Jenny works in a shop that sells belts.

The table shows information about the waist sizes of 50 customers who bought belts from the shop in May.

Belt size	Waist (w inches)	Frequency
Small	$28 < w \le 32$	24
Medium	$32 < w \le 36$	12
Large	$36 < w \le 40$	8
Extra Large	$40 < w \le 44$	6

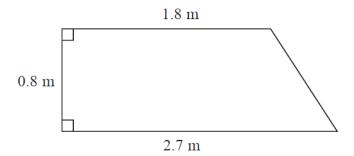
(a) Calculate an estimate for the mean waist size.

	(3)
Belts are made in sizes Small, Medium, Large and Extra Large.	
Jenny needs to order more belts in June. The modal size of belts sold is Small.	
Jenny is going to order $\frac{3}{4}$ of the belts in size Small.	
The manager of the shop tells Jenny she should <b>not</b> order so many Small belts.	
(b) Who is correct, Jenny or the manager? You must give a reason for your answer.	
	(2)

.....inches

(Total for Question 24 is 5 marks)

25 The diagram shows part of a wall in the shape of a trapezium.



Karen is going to cover this part of the wall with tiles. Each rectangular tile is 15 cm by 7.5 cm.

Tiles are sold in packs.

There are 9 tiles in each pack.

Karen divides the area of the wall by the area of a tile to work out an estimate for the number of tiles she needs to buy.

(a) Use Karen's method to work out an estimate for the number of packs of tiles she needs to buy.

(5)

Karen is advised to buy 10% more tiles than she estimated. Buying 10% more tiles will affect the number of the tiles Karen needs to buy.

She assumes she will need to buy 10% more packs of tiles.

(b) Is Karen's assumption correct? You must show your working.

**(2)** 

(Total for Question 25 is 7 marks)

**26** Factorise  $x^2 + 3x - 4$ 

(Total for Question 26 is 2 marks)

.....

Line A Line B Line C Line D	y = 2x + 4 $2y = x + 4$ $2x + 2y = 4$ $2x - y = 4$		
Two of thes	Two of these lines are parallel.		
Write down	n the two parallel lines.		
		Line and line	
		(Total for Question 27 is 1 mark)	
The densitie	es of two different liquids A an	ad B are in the ratio 19:22	
	f 1 cm <sup>3</sup> of liquid B is 1.1 g.		
5 cm <sup>3</sup> of liq	quid A is mixed with 15 cm <sup>3</sup> of	liquid B to make 20 cm <sup>3</sup> of liquid C.	
Work out th	ne density of liquid C.		
		g/cm <sup>3</sup>	
		(Total for Question 28 is 4 marks)	
		TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 80 MARKS	

Here are the equations of four straight lines.

27